

# Hemant Mhambrey Associates Chartered Accountants

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Members of GEOLOGGING INDUSTRIES LIMITED.

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the attached Balance Sheet of GEOLOGGING INDUSTRIES LIMITED as at 31st March 2014 and also the annexed statement of Profit and Loss of the Company for the year ended on that date, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position and financial performance of the Company in accordance with the Accounting Standards referred to in sub-section (3C) of section 211 of the Companies Act, 1956 . This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in India. These standards require that we plan & perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the said accounts give the information required by the Companies Act 1956, in the manner so required and give a true & fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:

- i. in the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2014; and
- ii. in the case of the Profit & Loss Account, of the loss of the Company for the year ended on that date.
- iii. in the case of the Cash Flow Statement, of the Cash flows of the Company for the year ended on that date

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to note no.19 C to the financial statements which describe the uncertainty of recovery of the Advance of Rs.2.19 crores to its associate concern M/s. Mono Acriglass Industries Ltd which has accumulated losses in excess of its share capital. Since the Appellate Authority for Industrial and Financial Reconstruction has confirmed the BIFR's impugned order dated 07.05.2012, it seems highly unlikely that the above mentioned amount is recoverable, either partially or fully.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2003 as amended, issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (4A) of section 227 of the Act, we give in the Annexure a Statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 4 and 5 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 227(3) of the Companies Act 1956 we report that:
  - (a) We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
  - (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
  - (c) The Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - (d) In our opinion, the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss comply with the Accounting Standards referred to in subsection (3C) of section 211 of the Companies Act, 1956
  - (e) On the basis of written representations received from the Directors, as on 31st March, 2014 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, we report that none of the Directors are disqualified as on 31st March, 2014 from being appointed as a Director in terms of clause (g) of sub-section (1) of section 274 of the Companies Act 1956.

For HEMANT MHAMBREY ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Firm Regn. No. 103645W

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HEMANT MHAMBREY

Proprietor

Membership No. 038238

Place: Mumbai

Date: 1st September, 2014.



#### ANEXURE TO THE AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Annexure referred to in our report to the members of GEOLOGGING INDUSTRIES LIMITED for the year ended 31 March 2014. We report that:

- i) On the basis of such checks as we considered appropriate and in terms of the information and explanations given to us, we state that:
  - a) The records of quantitative details and situation of Fixed Assets could not be verified as the Company has not provided us with the same.
  - b) As explained to us, fixed assets, according to the practice of the Company, have been physically verified by the Management at reasonable intervals, which in our opinion, is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its business, during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification of assets.
  - c) The Company has not disposed off substantial part of fixed assets during the year.
- ii) a) Physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals.
  - b) The procedure and interval of physical verification of inventory followed by the management are reasonable and adequate in relation to the size of the company and the nature of its business.
  - c) The company is maintaining proper records of inventory. No discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stock and book record.
- iii) a) The Company has granted unsecured loan to its associate concern M/s.Mono Acriglass Industries Ltd amounting to Rs.219.48 lakh.
  - b) There is no stipulation as to the repayment of the principal or the interest on the above loans.
  - c) Neither the principal amount nor the interest has been repaid by the associate M/s. Mono Acriglass Industries Ltd.
  - d) This associate has become a sick unit. Its application to the BIFR has been rejected. Further, its appeal to the Appellate Authority for Industrial and Financial Reconstruction has been dismissed. Recovery of this amount is highly improbable.
- iv) There is an adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business with regard to purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for sale of goods. We have not observed any continuing failure to correct major weakness in the internal control system.

- (v) a) The Register to be maintained u/s 301 could not be verified as the company has not provided us with the same.
  - b) It is not possible to comment on the reasonableness of the prices at which the transactions have been entered into considering the technical nature of the business and the unavailability of the Registrar to be maintained u/s.301.
- (vi) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- vii) In our opinion, the internal audit function carried out during the year by a firm of Chartered Accountants appointed by the management has been commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business.
- viii) The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 209(1)(d) of the Companies Act, 1956 for the Company.
- ix) According to the records of the Company, the Company is irregular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues. The following dues are outstanding as at the last day of the financial year concerned for a period of more than 6 months from the day they become payable. Service Tax Rs.8,11,567/-, Profession tax Rs.2,300/-.
- x) The Company's accumulated loss at the end of the financial year is more than fifty percent of its net worth. The company has incurred cash loss during this financial year, and in the previous financial year.
- (xi) According to the records of the company, the company has not borrowed from financial institutions or bank or issued debentures till 31st March 2014. Hence, in our opinion, the question of reporting on defaults in repayment of dues to financial institutions or banks or debentures does not arise.
- (xii) The company has given guarantee for Term loan granted to its associate concern M/s. Mono Acriglass Industries Ltd. The terms and conditions of this guarantee don't seem to be prejudicial to the company. However there is no counter guarantee taken by the Company in case the lender invokes the guarantee given by the Company.
- (xiii) On the basis of records examined by us and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not taken any term loan during the year.
- (xiv) On the basis of records examined by us and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not used any short term funds for long term application.
- (xv) Since the Registrar u/s.301 has not been maintained it is not possible to comment whether the Company has made preferential allotment of shares and companies covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the Act during the year.

  M. No.

- (xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, no fraud on or by the Company, has been noticed or reported by the Company during the year;
- (xvii) Looking to the nature of activities being carried on at present by the Company during the year; and also considering the nature of the matters referred to in the various clauses of the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2003, clauses (xii),(xiii), (xiv), (xix) and (xx) of paragraph 4 of the aforesaid Order, are in our opinion, not applicable to the Company.

M. No. 38238

For **HEMANT MHAMBREY ASSOCIATES** 

Chartered Accountants

Firm Regn. No. 103645W

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HEMANT MHAMBREY

Proprietor

Membership No. 038238

Place: Mumbai

Date: 1st September, 2014

# GEOLOGGING INDUSTRIES LTD BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH, 2014

Particulars		Notes	As at 31 March, 2014	
				As at 31 March, 201.
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			(Rs.)	(Rs.)
Shareholders' funds				
(a) Share capital		1	64.206.200	
(b) Reserves and surplus		2	64,206,300	64,206,30
			(39,240,086)	(28,553,29
Non-current liabilities			24,966,214	35,653,00
(a) Long-term borrowings		3	15 675 452	
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (net)			15,675,452	15,643,58
			305,130	571,16
Current liabilities			15,980,582	16,214,74
(a) Trade payables		4	14.015.621	
(b) Other current liabilities		5	14,015,631	14,596,09
(c) Short-term provisions		6	7,235,511	12,187,79
			442,066	2,194,44
			21,693,208	28,978,32
ACCEPTE	TOTAL		62,640,004	00.046.05
ASSETS			02,010,004	80,846,07
Non-current assets				
(a) Fixed assets				
(i) Tangible assets (W.D.V.)				
(i) rangible assets (w.D.V.)		7	27,777,003	32,355,198
(b) Long-term loans and advances				02,000,170
(b) Bong-term loans and advances		8	67,500	140,500
Current assets			27,844,503	32,495,698
(a) Trade receivables				-,120,000
(b) Cash and Bank balances		9	2,668,074	14,829,647
(c) Short-term loans and advances		10	3,326,622	4,202,839
controlling and advances		11	28,800,806	29,317,891
			34,795,501	48,350,377
	TOTAL			
Significant accounting policies	TOTAL	10	62,640,004	80,846,075
Notes to Accounts		18	7 1 7 1 3 7 1 1 1 6	
		19		

In terms of our report of even date:.

For Hemant Mhambrey Associates

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M. No. 38238

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Chartered Accountants

Proprietor

Membership No. 38238

Place: Mumbai

Date: 1st September, 2014

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director (M.SAHU)

Director

(S.TRIPATHY)

# GEOLOGGING INDUSTRIES LTD STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH,2014

Particulars .	Notes	For the year ended 31 March, 2014	For the year ended 31 March, 2013
		(Rs.)	(Rs.)
			1
Revenue from operations (net)	12	7,059,638	46,440,646
Other non operating income	13	4,502,423	2,590,577
Total revenue		11,562,061	49,031,223
Expenses			
(a) Operating expense	14	730,913	3,129,058
(b) Employee benefits expense	15	4,763,165	11,998,644
(c) Finance costs	16	623,649	4,043,926
(d) Depreciation and amortisation expense	10	4,578,195	5,258,379
(e) Other expenses	17	11,534,374	30,175,207
			30,173,207
Total expenses		22,230,296	54,605,214
Profit / (Loss) before tax & Extraordinary Items		(10,668,235)	(5,573,992
Add/ (Less) :Extra ordinary Items			
Prior Period Items		284,584	10,005,655
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(10,952,819)	4,431,663
Tax expense:			
(a) Current tax expenses			(1,650,000
(b) Deferred tax		266,030	(108,604
		266,030	(1,758,604
Profit / (Loss) After tax		(10,686,789)	2,673,059
Earnings per equity share	19 [		
(a) Basic	191	(1.664)	0.410
(b) Diluted		(1.664)	0.416
Significant accounting Polices	18		
Notes to accounts	19		

In terms of our report attached.

For Hemant Mhambrey Associates

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M. No. 38238

Chartered Accountants

Proprietor

Membership No. 38238

Place: Mumbai

Date: 1st September, 2014

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director\(M.SAHU,

Director (S.TRIPATHY)

#### GEOLOGGING INDUSTRIES LTD

#### 1 SHARE CAPITAL

In Rs.

- F	Particulars		As at March 31,	As at March 31,
			2014	2013
	Authorised			
	Equity Shares, Rs 10/- par value			
	65,00,000 Equity Shares		65,000,000	65,000,000
				¥.
÷	Issued, Subscribed and Paid-Up		1	1
	Equity Shares, Rs 10/- par value			
	64,20,630 Equity Shares fully paid up		64,206,300	64,206,300
			64,206,300	64,206,300

Reconciliation of the number of equity shares and share capital:

	Particulars	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
		2014	2013
	Issued, subscribed and fully paid up equity shares		
20 20	outstanding at beginning of the year	64,206,300	64,206,300
	Add: Shares issued on exercise of employee stock options		
	during the year		
	Issued, subscribed and fully paid up equity shares		
	outstanding at the end of the year	64,206,300	64,206,300

The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of Rs.10/- each. Holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. However, no such preferential amounts exist currently. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Details of equity shares with voting rights held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares:

	As at 31 M	larch, 2014	As at 31 March, 2013		
Name of shareholder	Number of shares held	% holding in that class of shares	Number of shares held	% holding in that class of shares	
Manoranjan B Sahu	1,835,690	28.59	1,835,690	28.59	
Anupam Patra	739,900	11.52	739,900	. 11.52	
Sudhiranjan B Sahu	750,000	11.68	750,000	11.68	
Bhabesh Chandra Acharya	480,000	7.47	480,000	7.47	



Particulars	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
	2014	2013
Profit & Loss (Deficit)- Opening Balance Add: Net profit after tax transferred from Statement of	(28,553,297) of	(31,226,356)
Profit and Loss	(10,686,789)	2,673,059
Amount available for appropriation Adjusted during the year	(39,240,086)	(28,553,297)
Profit & Loss (Deficit)- Closing Balance	(39,240,086)	(28,553,297)

#### 3 LONG TERM BORROWINGS

In Rs.

	Particulars '		31.		As at March 31,	
4				2014	2013	
	Secured loans			)		
	From banks	,				
	Indian Bank	H 197	0.00	3,037,174	2,381,914	
			1			
	Unsecured			7	* *	
	Related parties			1,631,844	1,857,635	
	Other parties			11,006,434	11,404,034	
				15,675,452	15,643,583	

#### 4 TRADE PAYABLES

In Rs.

	Particulars		As at Mar	ch 31,	As at N	March 31,
			20	14		2013
	Trade payables		4			
	Sundry Creditors(Refer note belo	ow)				*
	a)Micro and Small Enterprises			-		-
*	b)Others		4	,889,056		5,469,523
	Due to related parties		9	,126,575		9,126,575
		*	14	,015,631		14,596,098

Note:- Creditors are checked subject to confirmation

#### 5 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

	Particulars	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
		2014	2013
a =	Other payables		
	Outstanding Liabilities/Statutory Liabilities	6,297,436	8,719,308
	TDS Payables	16,639	711,779
	Payable to Employees	921,436	2,024,723
	Advances received from client		731,981
		7,235,511	12,187,791



4	Particulars		As at March 31, 2014	As at March 31,
	Provision for employee benefits		405,808	2013 524,604
	Provision  a) Provision for Tax (Current year) b) Provision for expenses		36,258	1,650,000 19,836
			442,066	2,194,440

# 8 LONG TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES

In Rs.

	Particulars  Unsecured, considered good	As at March 31, 2014	As at March 31, 2013
	Security Deposits	67,500	140,500
*		 67,500	140,500

## 9 TRADE RECEIVABLES

In Rs.

Particulars	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
Debt outstanding for a period exceeding six months	2014	2013
Unsecured, considered good	1,334,586	4,944,483
Other trade receivable (Refer Note below) Unsecured, considered good		
considered good	1,333,488	9,885,164
	2,668,074	14,829,647

## Provision for doubtful debts:

Periodically, the Company evaluates all customer dues to the Company for collectability. The need for provisions is assessed based on various factors including collect ability of specific dues, risk perceptions of the industry in which the customer operates, general economic factors, which could affect the customer's ability to settle. The Company pursues the recovery of the dues, in part or full.

Debtors are checked subject to confirmation

# 10 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

*	Particulars	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
	Cash on hand	2014	2013
	out of hand	83,810	89,032
	Balances with Scheduled Banks	*	
	In current accounts (Refer Note (i) below) In deposit accounts (Refer Note (ii) below)	.10,081	82,884
	(total Note (II) below)	3,232,731	4,030,922
		3,242,812	4,113,806
		3,326,622	4,202,839



The details of balances as on Balance Sheet dates with banks are as follows:	The details of balances as on	Balance Shee	t dates with bar	iks are as follows
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	Particulars	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
		2014	2013
i	In current accounts		
	ICICI Bank-3845 (Vile Parle Branch)	3,246	63,950
	S. B. I-4404 (Vile Parle Branch)	6,835	18,935
ii	In deposit accounts	10,081	82,884
	FD with Indian Bank	3,232,731	4,030,922
		3,242,812	4,113,806

## 11 SHORT TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES

Particulars	As at March 31,	As at March 31,	
	2014	2013	
Unsecured, considered good			
Advance to Associate:-Mono Acriglass Industries Ltd.	21,948,154	21,948,154	
(Refer Note below)	21,948,154	21,948,154	
Advances, recoverable in cash or in kind for value to be received	709,332	765,578	
Prepaid Taxes	6,143,320	5,887,477	
Advances paid to creditors		716,682	
	28,800,806	29,317,891	

- 17	N	-	. *	0	

Disclosure as required by clause 32 of Listing Agreement		Rs. In Lakh		
	Balance as on.	As at March 31,	As at March 31,	
		2014	2013	
	Advance to Associate:-Mono Acriglass Industries Ltd.			
(a)	Balance	219.4	8 219.48	
(b)	Maximum Amount outstanding during the year	219.4	217.10	



Par	ticulars	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
		2014	2013
Muc	dlogging Services	7,059,638	40,828,401
	nage Claimed		5,612,245
		7,059,638	46,440,646

#### 13 OTHER NON OPERATING INCOME

In Rs.

Particulars	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
	2014	2013
Interest received on Fixed Deposits	250,332	660,648
Training Income		1,334,586
Discount		89,691
Octroi refund	167,293	
Sundry balances w/off	96,838	
Cenvat Credit A/c		400,620
Interest on TDS	-	105,032
Other Income	3,987,960	
	4,502,423	2,590,577

#### 14 OPERATING EXPENSES

In Rs.

Particulars	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
	2014	2013
 Octroi charges	33,000	1,478
Customs and Clearance Charges	42,000	815,787
Loading and unloading charges	2,200	37,600
Transportation charges	243,080	852,441
Freight and Forwarding charges	123,985	
Site Expesnses		24,000
Repairs & maintenance & spares	286,648	1,397,752
	730,913	3,129,058

#### 15 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

In Rs.

	Particulars	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
		2014	2013
	Salaries and wages	4,512,222	11,310,895
	Employers Contributions to provident and other funds	171,686	528,863
	Gratuity paid (Refer Note Below)	17,885	66,059
	Staff & labour welfare expenses	61,372	92,827
		4,763,165	11,998,644

Note:-Gratuity

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Gratuity is paid to a staff member who has put in a minimum qualifying period of 5 years of continuous service on resignation, termination or to his nominee on death.



Particulars	As at March 31, 2014	As at March 31, 2013
 Interest & Finance Charges(Bank /O/d) Bank charges Interest on Unsecured Loans	445,503 178,146	1,125,550
onsecured Loans	623,649	2,918,376 4,043,926

# 17 OTHER EXPENSES

Particulars	The state of the s	In Rs
	As at March 31, As a	at March 31,
Advertising expenses	2014	2013
Audit Fees	. 5,027	21,557
Bad debts written off	249,440	206,500
Business and Develpoment	6,488,869	
Commission		45,111
Conveyance		17,288
Diwali Expenses	37,402	118,640
Donation	32,831	63,400
Electricity Chg		20,000
Entertainment expenses	. 72,530	149,340
Exchange Loss	34,293	73,872
Field Staff Expenses	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	169,477
Food Expenses on site		92,773
Foreign Travelling Exp	237,439	1,607,332
Guest House Expenses	812,358	1,639,072
Hotel Expenses/Room Rent	55,826	112,093
Insurance	15,000	63,600
Interest on TDS	69,840	394
Internet Expenses	63,829	
Labour Charges	10,493	7,746
Listing Fees	25,000	116,442
Misc. Expenses		204,642
Office Expenses		6,568
Overseas Expenses	40,053	362,987
Packing expenses		345,326
Postage & Courier	7,600	138,380
Printing & Stationery	85,014	109,744
Professional / Consultancy Fees	105,972	422,026
Rates and Taxes	769,989	745,027
Registration Charges	67,476	163,086
Repair and Maintenance -Office	114,465	21,607
Site Expenses	25,200	3,850
Society Charges	1,060,862	2,994,520
Telephone Expenses	233,924	30,048
Tender Fees	101,308	128,189
Training Expenses	41,833	52,500
Travelling Expenses	18,181	
Unit Hire Charges	418,950	24,417
Vehicle Charges		1,918,464
WCT	59,709	15,731,250
WC1	173,661	1,869,745
		378,193
	11,534,374	20 175 207
	,50 ,30 / 1	30,175,207



# FIXED ASSETS - TANGIBLE

32,570,595	32,355,198	68,128,131	1	5,258,379	62,869,752	100,483,328		5,042,980	95,440,348 5,042,980	Previous Year		
32,355,198	27,777,003	72,706,326		4,578,195	68,128,130	100,483,328	ı		100,483,328	TOTAL		
2,943	2,534	3,616		409	3,207	6,150			6,150	FAX MACHINE	13.91%	10
6,707	4,971	25,029		1,736	23,293	30,000	•		30,000	VEHICLE	25.89%	9
30,112,470	25,923,825	66,407,182		4,188,645	. 62,218,537	92,331,007			92,331,007	M.L. UNITS	13.91%	8
34,398	29,613	55,840		4,785	51,055	85,453		,	85,453	ELEC FITTINGS	13.91%	7
236,849	142,109	2,319,708	,	94,740	2,224,968	2,461,817	,	1	2,461,817	COMPUTER	40.00%	6
1,125,482	921,770	1,109,409		203,712	905,697	2,031,179		1	2,031,179	FUR & FIXTURES	18.10%	S
175,174	150,807	237,640		24,367	213,273	388,447			388,447	OFFICE EQPT	13.91%	4
126,560	108,956	768,675		17,604	751,071	877,631	,		877,631	PLANT & M/C	13.91%	w
421,975	379,777	1,779,227		42,198	1,737,029	2,159,004	1		2,159,004	FACTORY SHED	10%	2
112,640	112,640	1			-	112,640			112,640	LAND	0%	_
As at March 31, 2013	As at March 31, 2014	Deductions/ the adjustments As at March As at March As at March during the 31, 2014 31, 2014 31, 2013	Deductions/ adjustments during the period	For	As at April 1, 2013	As at April 1, djustments Retirement As at March As at April 1, during the during the 31, 2014 2013 period period	nts Retirement the during the period	Additions/A Deductions/ djustments Retirement during the during th period period	As at April 1, 2013	Particulars	Rate	Sr.
k value	Net book value	a	Amortization	epreciation and Amortization	De		Original cost	Origi		4		Ti-



#### **Particulars**

#### Significant accounting policies

#### a Basis of accounting and preparation of financial statements

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP) to comply with the Accounting Standards notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended) and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention . The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year.

#### b Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known / materialise.

#### c Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation has been provided on the written down value method as per the rates prescribed in Schedule-XIV to the Companies Act, 1956.

Pro-rata Depreciation is provided on additions/disposal of fixed assets during the year.

#### d Revenue recognition

#### Sale of units

Sales are recognised, net of returns and trade discounts, on transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer, which generally coincides with the delivery of units to customers. Net sales exclude excise duty, sales tax and value added tax.

#### Income from services

Revenues from contracts priced on a time and material basis are recognised when services are rendered and related costs are incurred. Revenues from turnkey contracts, which are generally time bound fixed price contracts, are recognised over the life of the contract using the proportionate completion method, with contract costs determining the degree of completion. Foreseeable losses on such contracts are recognised when probable.

Revenues from maintenance contracts are recognised pro-rata over the period of the contract.

#### e Other income

Interest income is accounted on accrual basis. Dividend income is accounted on receipt basis.



#### f Tangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost of fixed assets include other incidental expenses incurred up to that date. Subsequent expenditure relating to fixed assets is capitalised only if such expenditure results in an increase in the future benefits from such asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.

Fixed assets acquired in full or part exchange for another asset are recorded at the fair market value or the net book value of the asset given up, adjusted for any balancing cash consideration. Fair market value is determined either for the assets acquired or asset given up, whichever is more clearly evident.

#### g Foreign currency transactions and translations

#### Initial recognition

Transactions in foreign currencies entered into by the Company and its integral foreign operations are accounted at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction or at rates that closely approximate the rate at the date of the transaction.

## Measurement of foreign currency monetary items at the Balance Sheet date

Foreign currency monetary items (other than derivative contracts) of the Company and its net investment in non-integral foreign operations outstanding at the Balance Sheet date are restated at the year-end rates.

In the case of integral operations, assets and liabilities (other than non-monetary items), are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items are carried at historical cost. Revenue and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates prevailing during the year. Exchange differences arising out of these translations are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Treatment of exchange differences

Exchange differences arising on settlement / restatement of short-term foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities of the Company and its integral foreign operations are recognised as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The exchange differences arising on restatement / settlement of long-term foreign currency monetary items are capitalised as part of the depreciable fixed assets to which the monetary item relates and depreciated over the remaining useful life of such assets or amortised on settlement / over the maturity period of such items if such items do not relate to acquisition of depreciable fixed assets. The unamortised balance is carried in the Balance Sheet as "Foreign currency monetary item translation difference account" net of the tax effect thereon.

#### h Government grants, subsidies and export incentives

Government grants and subsidies are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attached to them and the grants / subsidy will be received. Government grants whose primary condition is that the Company should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire capital assets are presented by deducting them from the carrying value of the assets. The grant is recognised as income over the life of a depreciable asset by way of a reduced depreciation charge.



#### Investments

Long-term investments (excluding investment properties), are carried individually at cost less provision for diminution, other than temporary, in the value of such investments. Current investments are carried individually, at the lower of cost and fair value. Cost of investments include acquisition charges such as brokerage, fees and duties.

Investment properties are carried individually at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Investment properties are capitalised and depreciated (where applicable) in accordance with the policy stated for Tangible Fixed Assets. Impairment of investment property is determined in accordance with the policy stated for Impairment of Assets.

#### j Employee benefits

Contributions to Provident Fund for the year are recognized in the Profit & Loss Account.

The liability towards gratuity, leave encashment, post retirement benefits and other long-term benefits are provided for in the accounts based on actuarial valuation as at the end of the year. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized in the Profit and Loss Account as income or expense.

#### k Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations.

Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. average market value of the outstanding shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for share splits / reverse share splits and bonus shares, as appropriate.

#### 1 Taxes on income

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences, being the differences between the taxable income and the accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantially enacted as at the reporting date.



Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all timing differences. Deferred tax assets in respect of unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward of losses are recognised only if there is virtual certainty that there will be sufficient future taxable income available to realise such assets. Deferred tax assets are recognised for timing differences of other items only to the extent that reasonable certainty exists that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which these can be realised. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if such items relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing tax laws and the Company has a legally enforceable right for such set off. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date for their realisability.

Current and deferred tax relating to items directly recognised in equity are recognised in equity and not in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### m Impairment of assets

The values of fixed assets are reviewed by the management for impairment at each Balance Sheet date if events or circumstances indicate that the carrying values may not be recoverable. If the carrying value is more than the net selling price of the asset or present value, the difference is recognized as an impairment loss.

#### n Provisions and contingencies

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made.

#### o Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs attributable to acquisition, construction or production of qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset, till the month in which the asset is ready for use. Other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which these are incurred.

# p Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitments

Provision is recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that arise from past events but their existence is confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company.

Capital commitments and Contingent liabilities disclosed are in respect of items which exceed Rs.0.05 crores in each case.

Contingent liabilities are considered only on conversion of show cause notices issued by various Government authorities into demand.

- q Cash flow statement is prepared segregating the cash flows operating, investing and financing activities. Cash flow from operating activities is reported using indirect mothad.
  - i. Transactions of non-cash nature.
  - ii Any deferrals or accurals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and
  - iii. Items of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents (including bank balances) are reflected as such in the cash flow statement. Those cash and cash equivalents which are not available for general use as on the date of Balance Sheet are also included under this category with as specific disclosure.



#### Note 19

- A Amounts in the financial statements are presented in nearest rupee

  The previous period figures have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary to conform to the current period presentation.
- B Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006:
  The company has not received any intimation from the suppliers regarding Status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 and therefore no such disclosure under the said Act is considered necessary.
- C The Company has granted its associate M/s. Mono Acriglass Industries Limited, advance and loans amounting to Rs. 219.48 lacs. M/s Mono Acriglass Industries Ltd has accumulated losses in excess of its share capital. It has become a sick Company as per the Sick Industrial Companies (Special Provision) Act. 1985. The Board of Industrial & Financial Reconstruction vide their order dated 6-2-2007 has declared the company sick. M/s.GSFC successfully preferred an appeal with the AAIFR. The Appellate Authority for Industrial and Financial Reconstruction vide their order dated 02.09.2014 has dismissed the appeal of the company for BIFR protection. The recovery of the above mentioned amount seems highly improbable and therfore should be provided / adjusted acordingly in the books of the company. If this amount were to be adjusted, then the loss of the company would increase by Rs.219.48 lacs approximately.

#### D Foreign exchange: Transactions

Particulars	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
	2014	2013
A. Imports at CIF		
Sensors, Components, Assemblies and Sub-assemblies.		3,279,431
B. Expenditure in Foreign Currency		9,481,400
C. Value of Export		

The above reflects the foreign exchange commitment in the expenses of the Company

#### E Related party transaction as per AS -18

List of related parties:

Description of relationship

i) Associates

Names of related parties

M/s.Alexis Financial Consultants P Ltd

M/s.E-Log – Jakarta M/s.E-Log – Indonesia M/s.E-Log – Canada M/s.E-Log – (Fareast) Pte.Ltd

M/s.Mono Acriglass Industries Ltd

ii) Key Management Personnel (KMP) Mr.Manoranjan Sahu Mr.S.N.Chaturvedi

Mr.Sreedhar Tripathy

Details of related party transactions during the year ended 31 March, 2014 and balances outstanding as at 31 March, 2014:



Particulars	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
	2014	2013
Purchase of Assets from:		
i) E-Log Canada		3,279,43
Loans & Advance received from:		
ii) Manoranjan Sahu	2,461,000	599,85
Unit Hire Charges		
iii) E-Log Indonesia		4,828,95
iv) E-Log Fareast Ltd		5,633,77
Training Income:		
v) E-Log (Far East) Pte Ltd		1,334,58
d) Outstanding at period end:		
Receivables:		
Mono Acriglass Industries Ltd.	21,948,154	21,948,15
E-Log (Far East) Pte Ltd	1,334,586	1,334,58
Payables:		
E-Log (Fareast) Pte. Ltd.	2,259,500	2,259,50
E-Log Indonesia	6,867,075	6,867,07
Manoranjan Sahu	410,064	619,85
Sreedhar Tripahty	50,000	300,00
Alex Financial Consultant Pvt Ltd	642,780	642,78

# a. Particulars regarding Capacities and Production (as certified by the MANAGING DIRECTOR)

Particulars	2013-14	2012-13
	Mudlogging unit	Mudlogging unit
i)Licensed Capacity	0	0
ii)Installed Capacity (as per Management's Estimates)	0	0
iii)Actual Production *	0	0

Note: \*This figure refers to Mudlogging Units assembled and capitalised for own use.

#### b. Consumption of spare parts and consumables

	% of total Completion	2013-14	% of total Completion	2012-13
Imported		-	70	3279431
Indigenous		- byte-gland	30	1421752

Note: The above data include items consumed during the manufacturing of plant and machinery for the Company's own use.



- 50	400		(5)	1	
C.	De	tai	15 0	f Sa	le

Particulars	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
	2014	2013
Mudlogging Services	7,059,638	40,828,401
Damage charges		5,612,245

G

Particulars	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
	2014	2013
Payments to the auditors comprises (net of service tax input credit, where		
As auditors - statutory audit	249,440	206,500
Total(i)	249,440	206,500
Managerial Remuneration		
Amount paid to Directors including Managing Director		
(i)Salary	300,000	300,000
(ii)Company's contribution to PF	9,360	9,360
Total(ii)	309,360	309,360

#### H DEFERRED TAXATION

In Rs.

In accordance with Accounting Standard AS 22 relating to "Accounting for Taxes on Income- the deferred tax

		In Rs.
Items Attributable to deferred tax	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
	2014	2013
Deferred Tax Liability arising on A/c of timing difference:		
Depreciation		47,610
Deferred Tax Assets arising on A/c of timing difference:		
Depreciation	9,729	
Section 43 B items disallowed	256,301	60,994
Net Assets on account of deferred taxation	266,030	108,604
Tax impact is 30.09% of above.		

#### EARNING PER EQUITY SHARE

Particulars	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
	2014	2013
Basic / diluted		
Net profit / (loss) for the year	(10,686,789)	2,673,059
Less: Preference dividend and tax thereon		-
Net profit / (loss) for the year attributable to the equity shareholders	(10,686,789)	2,673,059
Weighted average number of equity shares	6,420,630	6,420,630
Par value per share	10	10
Earnings per share - Basic / diluted	(1.664)	0.416

#### J Segment Reporting

As company's activity falls within a single segment viz. Mudlogging, the disclosure requirements of accounting Standard 17 "Segment Reporting", is issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India is not applicable.

K Contingent Liabilities not provided in respect of the guarantees issued by the Bank on behalf of the Company to the customers and Government authorities.Rs.42,62000/-



Remittances by the Company in foreign currencies for dividends (including fuel consumed and stores consumtion included in Repairs and Maintenance)

Dividend for the year ended		
The state of the s	As at March 31, 2014	As at March 31, 2013
i) No of non-resinent shareholders ii) No. of Equity Shares of Face Value	0	0
ii) Amount of Dividend	0	0
Earnings in Foreign exchange:		0

# Earnings in Foreign exchange:

	As at March 31, 2014	As at March 31, 2013
i) Interest		2013
ii) Export of Service	0	0
ii) Guarantee Commission from Subsidiaries	0	0
V) Dividend	0	0
Other	0	0
	0	0

erms of our report of even date:. For Hemant Mhambrey Associates

artered Accountants

Proprietor Membership 1 38238

Place: Mumbai

Date: 1st September, 2014

AMBREY

M. No.

38238

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

(S.TRIPATHY)

e Cor	npanies Act (1 of 1956) S C H E D U L E VI - PART - IV
	BALANCE SHEET ABSTRACT AND A COMPANY'S GENERAL BUSINESS PROFILE
Rec	gistration Details :
	introline No.
	istration No. 4 0 4 4 2 Sate Code 1 1 (Refer Code List)
Bala	ance - sheet 3 1 0 3 2 0 1 4  Date Month Year
Can	real
Оар	ital Raised during the year (Amount in Rs.Thousands).
	Public Issue Right Issue
	Bonus Issue Private Placement
Posi	
. 03	ition of Mobilisation and Deployment of Funds (Amount in Rs.Thousands)  Total Liabilities  Total Assets
	6 2 6 4 0
Sour	Ces of Funds Paid - up Capital Reservos & Surelius
	Reserves & Surplus    6   4   2   0   6     -   3   9   2   4   0
	Secured Loans Unsecured Loans
Ш	3 0 3 7
	Current Liabilities Deferred Tax Laibilities
Appli	cation of Funds
, the	Net Fixed Assets Investments
$\sqcup$	2 7 8 4 4 N I L
	Current Assets Long Term Loans & Advances
Perfo	rmance of Company (Amount in Rs.Thousands).
	Turnover Total Expenditure
	1 1 5 6 2 2 2 2 3 0
-	Profit / Loss Beore Tax + - profit / Loss After Tax
se ticl	A Appropriate box + for Proit - or Loss) + - 1 0 6 8 6
	arning per share in Rs
	Dividend @ % N O
Gener	ic Names of Three Principal ProductsServices of Company (as per monetary terms)
Code	No. OILEELELDISEE
Code)	S E R V I C E S
ict ription	MUDLOGGING UNIT/
ιριιστί	E Q U I P M E N T / S P A R E S
	EXPORT
	SERVICES



# GEOLOGGING INDUSTRIES LIMITED

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

A.	Cash flow from the YE	2013-14	
	Cash flow from operating activities	2013-14	2012-13
	Profit before tax & extra-ordinary items Adjusted for Depreciation	(10,668,235)	
		4,578,195	(5,573,992
	Prior Period Items		5,258,379
	Interest received	(284,584)	10,005,655
	Interest & Finance charges	(250,332)	(660,648)
	Net Transfer to Reserves	623,649	4,043,926
	Operating profit before working capital changes		
	Changes in	(6,001,307)	13,073,321
	Changes in Current Assets		
		12,751,657	2,638,844
	Changes in Current Liabilities		
	Cash generated from operations	(7,285,122)	(4,871,401)
	Provision for Taxation	(534,773)	10,840,764
	CASH FLOW BEFORE EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS		(1,650,000)
	Extra-ordinary items	(534,773)	9,190,764
	NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
	and activities	(534,773)	9,190,764
<u>3.</u>	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
	Purchase of fixed assets		
	Sale of fixed assets	-	(5,042,980)
	Interest received		(5,5,2,500)
		250,332	660,648
	NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		000,040
	TO ACTIVITIES	250,332	(4,382,332)
	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES		(4,362,332)
	Loan taken /Repaid	-	
	Interest & Finance charges paid	31,869	(1,267,340)
	- marce charges paid	(623,649)	(4,043,926)
	NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(4,043,920)
	NET CHANGES IN CASH & CASH POST	(591,779)	(5 311 300)
	NET CHANGES IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C)	(876,217)	(5,311,266)
	CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS-OPENING BALANCE	4,202,839	(502,836)
	CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS-CLOSING BALANCE	3,326,622	4,705,674 4,202,839

We have verified the above cash flow statement of Geologging Industries Limited derived from the audited annual financial statements for the years ended March 31, 2013 and March 31, 2014 and found the same to be drawn in accordance therewith and also with the requirements of Clause 32 of the listing agreements with stock exchanges.

For HEMANT MHAMBREY ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

CA.HEMANT MHAMBREY PROPRIETOR

PLACE: MUMBAI DATED: 1st September, 2014 M. No. 38238

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD FOR GEOLOGGING INDUSTRIES LTD.

PLACE : MUMBAI

DATED: 1st September, 2014